

3.2.9 Closed-Circuit Rebreather Technical Diver Level 2

3.2.9.1 Course Outcomes

GUE's Closed-Circuit Rebreather Technical Diver Level 2 course is designed to educate individuals in advanced rebreather technologies and to cultivate diver proficiency in the use of GUE-approved closed-circuit rebreather configurations. The course is also designed to enhance deep diving proficiency while using hypoxic helium diluent and bailout gases and oxygen-enriched decompression gases.

Other course outcomes include: the use of multiple bailout stages; use of hypoxic gas mixtures and required hypoxic protocols; gas management; oxygen management; extended decompression; accelerated, omitted, and general decompression strategies; dive planning; and management of multiple cylinders.

3.2.9.2 Prerequisites

Applicants for a CCR-T2 course must abide by [Training Prerequisites \(2.1.4.1\)](#), plus:

- a. Be a minimum of 18 years of age. Documented parental or legal guardian consent must be submitted to GUE HQ when the participant is a minor.
- b. Hold a GUE Closed-Circuit Rebreather Technical Diver Level 1¹ certification.
- c. Have conducted at least 50 non-training CCR-T1 dives following completion of GUE Closed-Circuit Rebreather Technical Diver Level 1 certification. At least 25 of these must have been at a depth of at least 130 ft/40 m. Dive experience must be verified through submission of a dive log to the instructor.
- d. Own a GUE-approved closed-circuit rebreather.
- e. If using a drysuit during the course, have conducted at least 25 non-training dives in a drysuit or have conducted 15 non-training dives utilizing a drysuit following completion of GUE Drysuit Primer certification.
- f. Students participating in a CCR-T2 course conducted in a cave environment must have conducted at least 25 non-training Cave 2 dives following completion of GUE Cave Diver Level 2 certification.

3.2.9.3 Course Content

The Closed-Circuit Rebreather Technical Diver Level 2 course is normally conducted over six days. It requires a minimum of seven dive sessions and at least forty-eight hours of instruction, encompassing lectures, land drills, and at least ten hours of dive time.

3.2.9.4 Closed-Circuit Rebreather Technical Diver Level 2 Specific Training Standards

- a. Student-to-instructor ratio is not to exceed 3:1.
- b. Maximum depth of 250 ft/75 m.
- c. Dives must not be planned to incur more than 90 minutes of unadjusted decompression time, as established by GUE's DecoPlanner.
- d. No overhead diving except when taught by an Active GUE Cave 2 instructor.
- e. The oxygen supply valve must never be closed completely during drills.

¹ Including GUE CCR or CCR 1 issued under past versions of Standards.

- f. Students passing a CCR-T2 course conducted in a cave environment will be awarded a GUE Closed-Circuit Rebreather Diver Level 2 (Cave) certification.
- g. Students must complete GUE Rescue Primer or equivalent from a recognized training agency prior to certification.

3.2.9.5 Required Training Materials

GUE training materials and recommended study as determined by the course study packet available online or via download after GUE course registration.

3.2.9.6 Academic Topics

- a. Introduction: GUE organization and course overview (objectives, limits, expectations)
- b. Rebreather operation and procedures
- c. Failure management
- d. Strategies necessary for a successful dive, decompression planning, absorbent management, gas and gas reserve management
- e. Continuance management

3.2.9.7 Land Drills and Topics

- a. Basic rebreather operation review
- b. Basic rebreather failure management review
- c. Basic open-circuit failure management review
- d. Bailout and out-of-gas procedures review
- e. Gas switching review
- f. Advanced rebreather operation
- g. Advanced rebreather failures
- h. Bailout, including the use of a bottom stage and ascent with two additional gas switches and a tank rotation
- i. Off-board use of oxygen and diluent
- j. Semi-closed rebreather operation
- k. Stage leash set up

3.2.9.8 Required Dive Skills and Drills

Students must demonstrate competence in the following skills to attain GUE Closed-Circuit Rebreather Technical Diver Level 2 certification:

- a. Must be able to swim at least 500 yds/450 m in less than 14 minutes without stopping. This test should be conducted in a swimsuit and, where necessary, appropriate thermal protection.
- b. Must be able to swim a distance of at least 60 ft/18 m on a breath hold while submerged.
- c. Demonstrate a safe and responsible demeanor throughout all training.
- d. Demonstrate basic equipment proficiency and an understanding of the GUE CCR equipment configuration.
- e. Demonstrate proficiency in safe diving procedures, including assembly and set-up; rebreather pre-dive checklist; rebreather on-site checklist; CHAOS critical control

checks and 5-minute pre-breathe; GUE EDGE; flow check; in-water activity; and post-dive assessment, breakdown, and maintenance.

- f. Demonstrate awareness of team members' closed-circuit rebreather function and an overall concern for safety, responding quickly to visual or audible indications and dive partner needs during diving and failures.
- g. Demonstrate proficiency in underwater communication.
- h. Demonstrate proficiency with the use of the rebreather during ascents, descents, and diving.
- i. Demonstrate good buoyancy and trim, i.e., approximate reference is a maximum of 20 degrees off horizontal while remaining within a range of 3 ft/1 m from target depth.
- j. Demonstrate ability to manage gas failures, including valve manipulation, out-of-gas scenarios, and regulator switching as appropriate.
- k. Demonstrate the ability to manage a flooded closed-circuit rebreather while discharging excess water.
- l. Demonstrate the ability to diagnose and correctly respond to simulated rebreather problems.
- m. Demonstrate the ability to switch and maintain desired pO_2 setpoints manually throughout a dive.
- n. Demonstrate effective ability to connect and use off-board O_2 or diluent gas.
- o. Demonstrate effective ability to dive the rebreather in semi-closed mode.
- p. Demonstrate proficiency in removing, rotating, and re-attaching stage cylinders while hovering horizontally.
- q. Demonstrate the ability to comfortably switch gases while maintaining good trim and neutral buoyancy.
- r. Efficiently and comfortably demonstrate how to donate gas to an out-of-gas diver while using the rebreather.
- s. Be able to comfortably demonstrate use, manipulation, and failure management of the gas addition systems supplying the rebreather.

3.2.9.9 Equipment Requirements

GUE CCR configuration as outlined in Appendix A, plus:

- a. Three stage cylinders with stage regulators
 - i. The three stage cylinders may be either bottom or decompression stages.
 - ii. All stage regulators must have a low pressure inflator hose, allowing them to be connected to the rebreather manual addition valve (MAV).
 - b. One stage leash
 - c. One primary reel per team
 - d. Drysuit inflation system independent from back gas cylinders (while breathing a helium mixture, if using a drysuit)
 - e. For classes conducted in a cave environment, exclude:
 - i. Surface marker buoy with spool
- and students must additionally carry:
- i. One safety spool

- ii. At least two jump spools
- iii. At least twelve line markers; six directional and six non-directional

Prior to the commencement of the class, students should consult with a GUE representative to verify equipment requirements and the appropriateness of any selected equipment.

Appendix A - GUE Equipment Configuration

The GUE base equipment configuration is comprised of:

- a. Tanks/cylinders: Students may use a single tank/cylinder with a single- or dual-outlet valve. Students may also use dual tanks/cylinders connected with a dual-outlet isolator manifold, which allows for the use of two first stages. Dual tanks/cylinders connected with a dual-outlet, non-isolator manifold can be used, but only in recreational (minimum decompression) diving, and are considered an alternative for a single tank/cylinder. Consult course-specific standards and your instructor to verify size requirements.
- b. Regulators:
 - i. Single tank: The first stage must supply a primary second stage via a 5 to 7 ft/1.5 to 2 m hose. A backup second stage must be necklaced and supplied via a short hose. The first stage must also supply an analog pressure gauge, inflation for the buoyancy compensator (BC), and (when applicable) inflation for a drysuit.
 - ii. Double tank: One first stage must supply a primary second stage via a 5 to 7 ft/1.5 to 2 m hose (7 ft/2 m hose is required for all cave classes), and inflation for the buoyancy compensator (BC). The other first stage must supply a necklaced backup second stage via a short hose, an analog pressure gauge, and (when applicable) inflation for a drysuit.
- c. Backplate system:
 - i. Is held to the diver by one continuous piece of webbing. This webbing is adjustable and uses a buckle to secure the system at the waist.
 - ii. A crotch strap is attached and looped through the waistband to prevent the system from riding up a diver's back.
 - iii. The continuous webbing must support five D-rings;
 - 1. The first placed at the left hip
 - 2. The second placed in line with a diver's right collarbone
 - 3. The third placed in line with the diver's left collarbone
 - 4. The fourth and fifth are placed on the front and back of the crotch strap when divers plan to use advanced equipment such as DPVs.
 - iv. The harness below the diver's arms has small restrictive bands to allow for the placement of backup lights. The webbing and system retains a minimalist approach.
- d. Buoyancy compensation device (BC):
 - i. A diver's BC is back-mounted and minimalist in nature.
 - ii. It is free of extraneous strings, tabs, or other material.
 - iii. There are no restrictive bands or restrictive elastic affixed to the buoyancy cell.
 - iv. Wing size and shape is appropriate to the cylinder size(s) employed for training.

- e. At least one time/depth measuring device
- f. Wrist-mounted compass
- g. Mask and fins: Mask is low-volume; fins are rigid, non-split.
- h. Backup mask
- i. At least one cutting device
- j. Wetnotes with at least one pencil
- k. Exposure suit appropriate for the duration of exposure
- l. Surface marker buoy (SMB) with spool: Where required, the SMB should be appropriate for environmental conditions and deployed using a spool with at least 100 ft/30 m of line.

The GUE PSCR configuration is comprised of:

- a. GUE base equipment configuration (except Tanks/Cylinder)
- b. One primary and two backup lights
- c. A GUE-approved passive semi-closed circuit rebreather
- d. Modified tank configuration as appropriate for use with a GUE-approved passive semi-closed circuit rebreather
- e. Modified regulator configuration as appropriate for use with a GUE-approved passive semi-closed circuit rebreather

The GUE CCR configuration is comprised of:

- a. GUE base equipment configuration (except Tanks/Cylinder)
- b. One primary and two backup lights
- c. A GUE-approved closed-circuit rebreather
 - i. Where required, students must own a GUE-approved closed-circuit rebreather before attending the course; they can, however, use a rented or borrowed unit during the course.
 - ii. The closed-circuit rebreather used by the student, with all associated components, must be fully functional (pass all tests on the rebreather pre-dive checklist) and serviced according to manufacturer specifications.
 - iii. All oxygen sensors must be less than one year from manufacturing date.
 - iv. Both the rebreather controller and SOLO board must be updated with the latest software and firmware versions published by the manufacturer.
- d. Modified tank configuration as appropriate for use with a GUE-approved closed-circuit rebreather
- e. Modified regulator configuration as appropriate for use with a GUE-approved closed-circuit rebreather
- f. Spare parts and consumables, including one set of controller, HUD, and solenoid batteries; one oxygen sensor; and one DSV/BOV mouthpiece.
- g. If using a drysuit inflation cylinder attached to the backplate, extended inflation cylinder straps need to be used to ensure that it does not interfere with or restrict the counterlung's function.

The GUE Sidemount configuration is comprised of:

- a. GUE base equipment configuration (except Tank/cylinders, Regulators, Backplate, BC)
- b. One primary and two backup lights

- c. Tanks/cylinders: Students are required to use independent cylinders with single valves and without manifolds, which allow for the use of one first stage each. Stage cylinders with [proper cylinder marking \(2.2, e\)](#) will also be utilized.
- d. Regulators: One of the second stages must be on a 7 ft/2 m hose. Both first stages must supply a pressure gauge and provide inflation for a drysuit (where applicable) and a wing.
- e. Sidemount harness: A diver's sidemount setup should be back-mounted and minimalist in nature. Wing size and shape should be appropriate to the cylinder size(s) employed for training.

Additional Course-Specific Equipment

- a. Where required, back gas and stage cylinders with [proper cylinder marking \(2.2, e\)](#) will also be utilized in accordance with the GUE General Training Standards, Policies, and Procedures document and configured in line with GUE protocols.
- b. When drysuit inflation systems are applicable, they should be sized appropriately for the environment; small tanks are placed on the left side of the backplate with larger supplies affixed to the diver's left back gas tank.
- c. Underwater lights:
 - i. When required, backup lights should be powered by alkaline batteries (not rechargeable) and stowed on the D-rings at a diver's chest (except when diving sidemount).
 - ii. Backup lights should have a minimal amount of protrusions and a single attachment at the rear.
 - iii. Backup lights should feature a twist-on/off switch for operation
 - iv. The primary light should consist of a rechargeable battery pack and be fitted with a Goodman-style light handle.
 - v. When burn time requirements create the need for an external battery pack, it should reside in a canister mounted on the diver's right hip.
- d. Guideline devices, as required during cave diving activities:
 - i. A primary reel is required for all cave diving and provides a minimalist form factor with a handle designed to support a Goodman or "hands free" handle operation. The primary reel must contain at least 150 ft/45 m of line.
 - ii. A safety spool is required for each diver while cave diving and must contain at least 150 ft/45 m of line.
 - iii. A jump or gap spool is required during Cave 2 diving and must contain at least 75 ft/23 m of line.
- e. Where required, GUE-approved DPV must:
 - i. Be a tow-behind style with adjustable speed and clutch mechanism.
 - ii. Include an attached cord at the back with bolt snap to be clipped on the front crotch strap D-ring.
 - i. Include a leash attached to the front to be used for towing.